

Provisional Review of Fatalities

1 January to 31 December 2023

*Data is current as of 9am on the 17 January 2024 Note: All data for 2020 - 2023 are provisional and subject to change







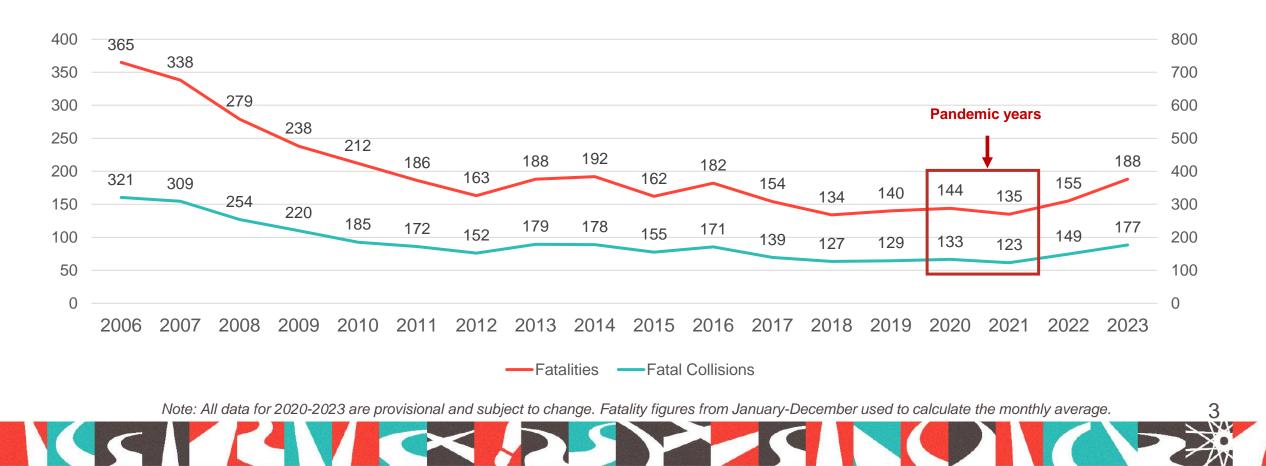
- As of 31 December 2023, there have been **177** fatal collisions, which have resulted in **188** fatalities on Irish roads.
- This represents 28 more fatal collisions and 33 more deaths (+21%) compared to provisional Garda data for 2022.
- Fatalities are highest since 2014 when there were **192** fatalities.
- Of fatalities 57% were injured in a single vehicle collision, compared to 52% of fatalities in 2022.*
- Seven fatal collisions resulted in more than one death: four collisions resulted in 2 fatalities, two collisions resulted in 3 fatalities, and one collision resulted in 4 fatalities.



Long-term trend



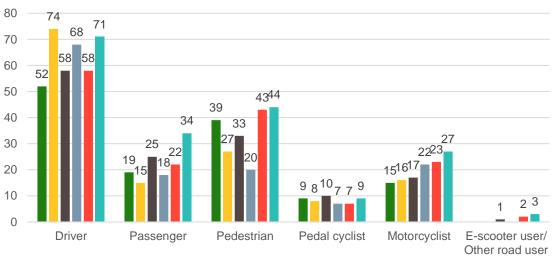
The monthly average for 2022 was 13 fatalities, monthly average 2023 was 16 fatalities.



Road User Type

- In 2023, Driver fatalities represent over a third of fatalities (38%), while pedestrians represent almost a quarter of fatalities (23%).
- Compared to 2022, there has been an increase in fatalities among all road user groups: drivers (+13), passengers (+12), motorcyclists (+4), pedal cyclists (+2), pedestrians (+1) and Other road users (+1).
- The last time there was a higher number of pedestrian fatalities was in 2011 (47).
- Where known, 29% of fatalities occurred on an urban road* and 71% occurred on a rural road*. These were the same proportions noted for 2022.





■2018 ■2019 ■2020 ■2021 ■2022 ■2023

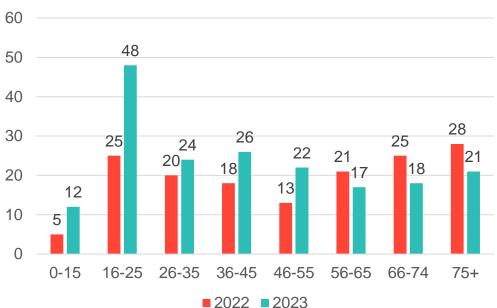
Seatbelts: Of the 101 drivers and passengers killed in seatbelt-equipped motor vehicles in 2023, 40% (40) were wearing a seatbelt at the time of the collision; 10% (10) were not wearing a seatbelt; and for the remaining 50% (51) of fatalities, it was not yet known.

Note: All data for 2020-2023 are provisional and subject to change. *An urban road has a speed limit of 60km/h or less while a rural road has a speed limit of 80km/h or greater. Speed limit currently unknown for one fatality.

Age group

- In 2023, the highest risk age group was those aged 16-25 years (26%).
- Compared to 2022, there was an increase (+51) in fatalities aged 0-55 years, while there was a decrease in fatalities aged 56+ years (-18)
- Of fatalities, 78% (147) were male and 22% (41) were female.





Month of Year

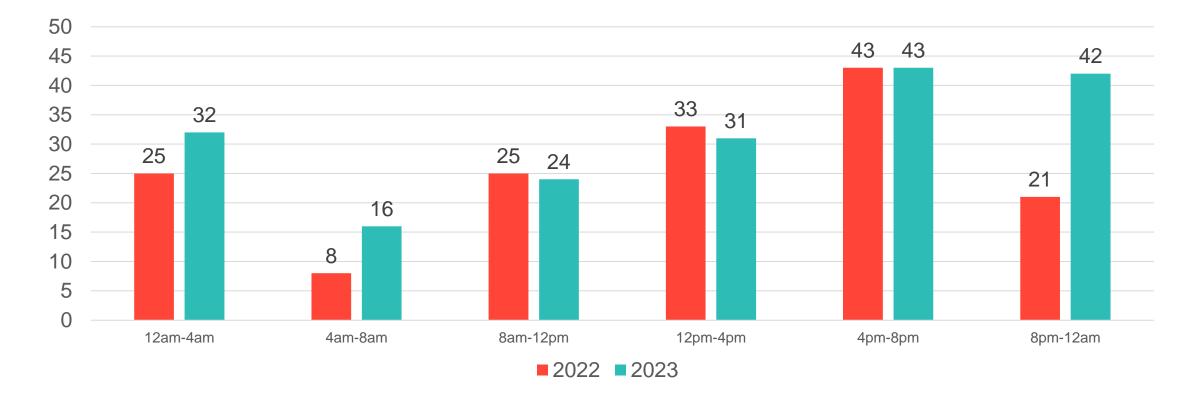


- June (10) and September (9) saw the lowest number of fatalities in 2023.
- May (20), August (26), and October (23), saw the highest number of fatalities.
- The average number of deaths per month in 2022 was 13 deaths while the monthly average in 2023 was 16 deaths per month.





Time of day



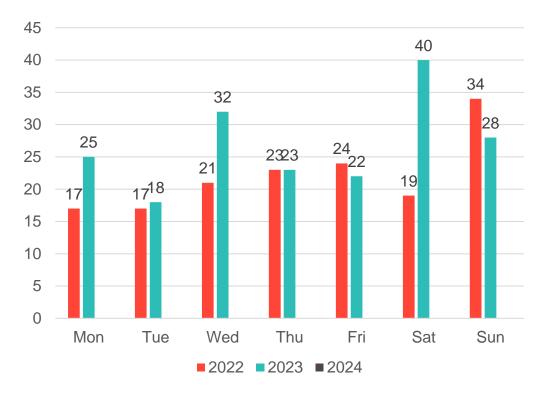
Almost half (90, 48%) of all fatalities in 2023 occurred between 8pm and 8am.





Day of week

- Almost half (90,48%) of fatalities occurred over the weekend (Friday-Sunday).
- Of those 90 fatalities which occurred over the weekend (Friday-Sunday), 20 occurred between 12am and 4am, 37 occurred between 4pm and 12am.
- Highest number of fatalities occurred on a Saturday (40, 21%), of which 19 occurred between 8pm and 4am.







Summary of fatalities 2023 1 January – 31 December 2023

Fatalities are highest since 2014 when there were 192 fatalities.

Average of 16 fatalities a month

Increasing number of fatalities among passenger, pedestrians and motorcyclists

- Over a quarter of fatalities were aged 16-25 years
- Almost half (48%) of fatalities occurred between 8pm and 8am*
- Almost half (48%) of fatalities occurred between Friday and Sunday*
- Approximately 7 in 10 on rural roads, with a speed limit of 80km/h or greater

Note: All data for 2020-2023 are provisional and subject to change. Fatality figures from January-December used to calculate monthly average.

