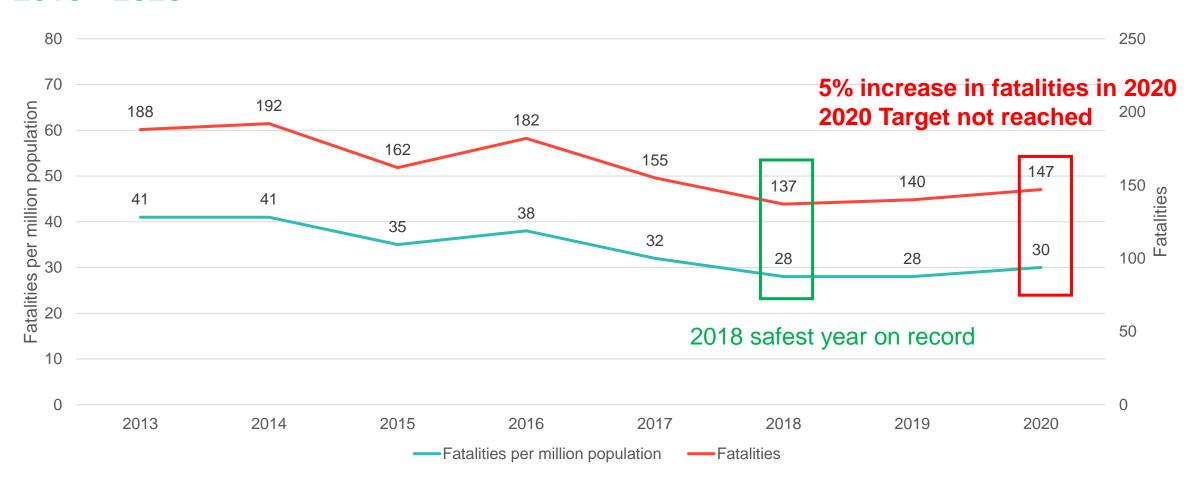


# **Long-term trend in fatalities**





2013 - 2020



Note: All data for 2018 to 2021 are provisional and subject to change

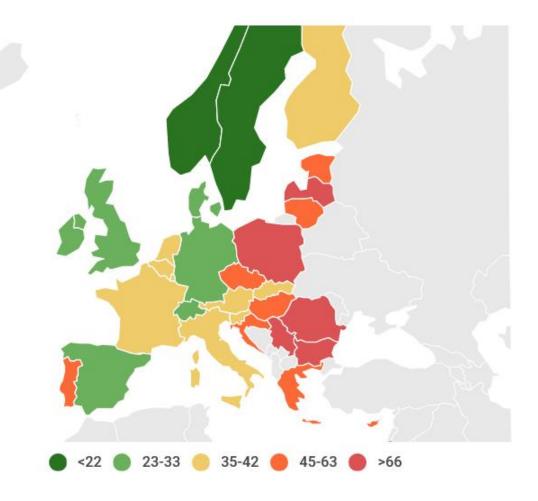
# Road deaths per million inhabitants 2020







- 42 road deaths per million inhabitants in the EU in 2020
- With 30 deaths per million, Ireland had the fifth lowest number of fatalities per million population among the EU27 in 2020



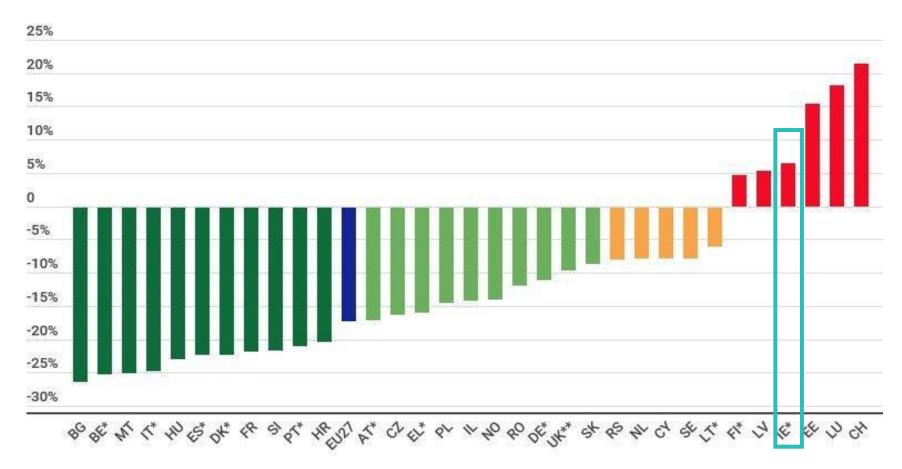
# Relative change in road deaths in EU 2019 - 2020







17% decrease in the number of road deaths in the EU 27









## January to 15 July 2021

- As of 15 July 2021, there have been 60 fatal collisions, which have resulted in 65 fatalities on Irish roads.
- This represents 8 fewer fatal collisions and 9 fewer deaths (-12%) compared to provisional Garda data for 2020.
- In 2021
  - 25% decrease in the number of fatalities occurring at the weekend compared to 2020
  - 29% reduction in those killed aged 56 and older
  - 75% of fatalities were male (49) and 25% of fatalities (16) were female

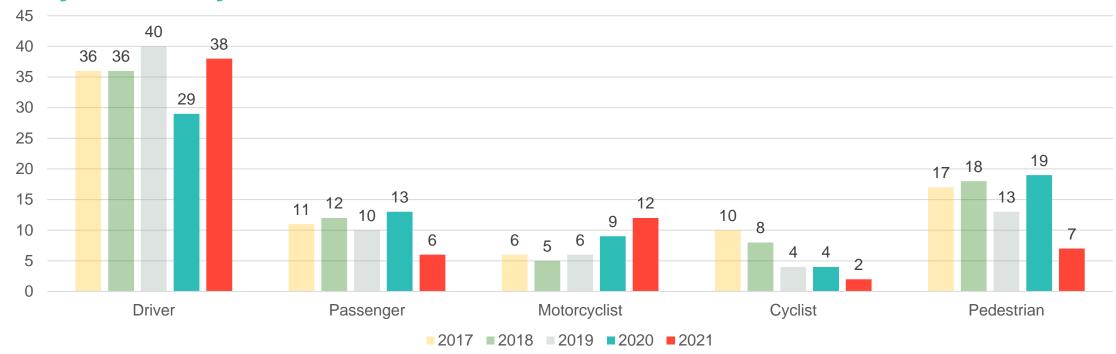




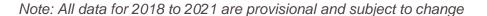


# **Road user type**

### January to 15 July 2021



- Increase in the number of drivers (+9) and motorcyclists (+3), while there has been a decrease among passengers (-7), pedestrian (-12), cyclist (-2), in 2021 compared to 2020
- Of the 44 drivers and passengers killed in 2021, 16% were not wearing a seat belt.

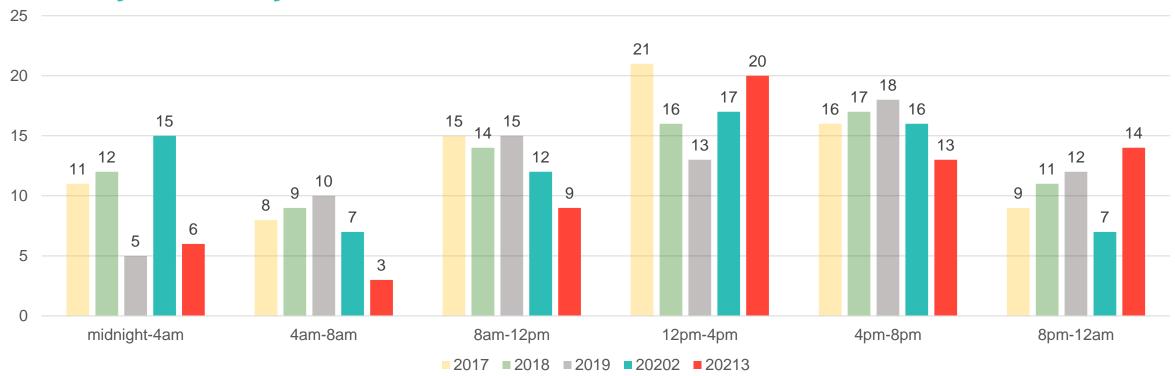






# Time of day

## January to 15 July 2021



 There was a reduction in the number of fatalities occurring between midnight and 8am in 2021 compared to 2020 (-59%)

Note: All data for 2018-2021 are provisional and subject to change

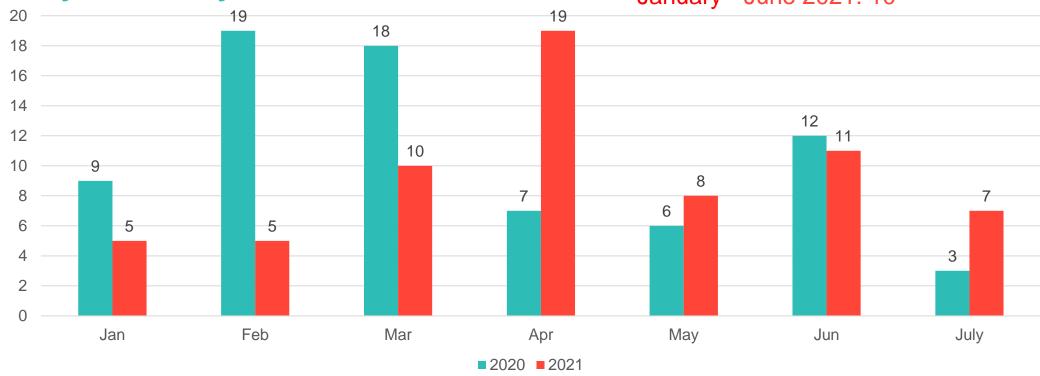




# **Month of year**

January to 15 July 2021

Monthly average deaths January - June 2021: 10



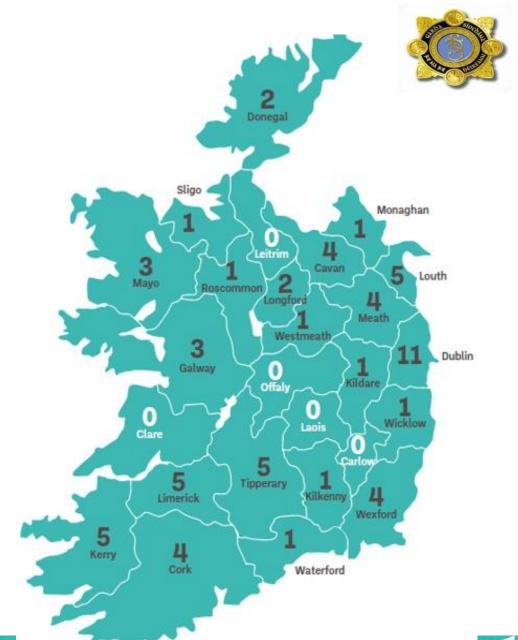
In 2021, car traffic volumes were lower in Jan (-53%) and Feb (-47%) compared to 2020 and had started to increase in March (-20%) and April (170%)

Note: All data for 2020 and 2021 are provisional and subject to change

## **Location of fatalities**

## January to 15 July 2021

- Of the 11 fatalities in Dublin in 2021, there were
  - 5 drivers
  - 3 motorcyclists
  - 2 passengers
  - 1 cyclist



RSA

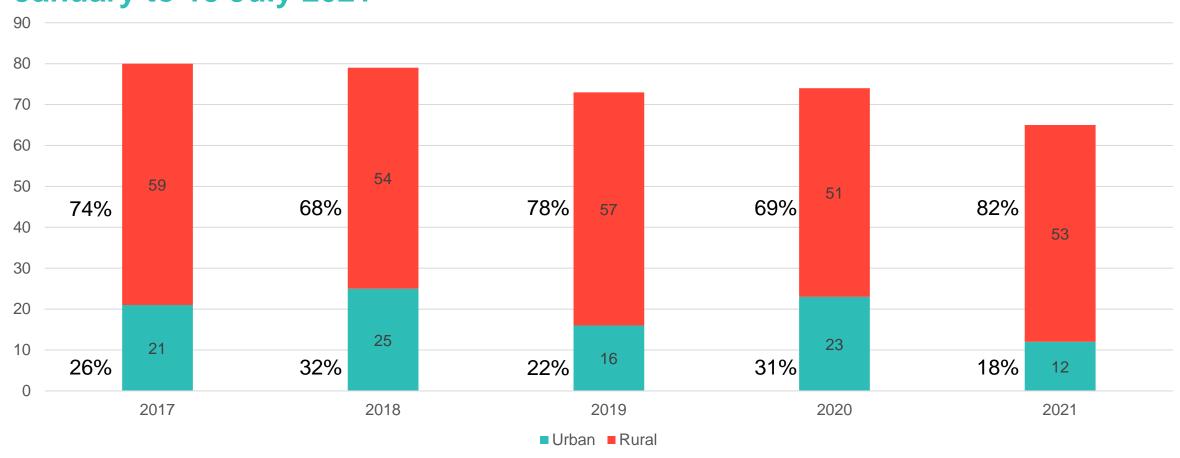


# Fatalities by rural and urban area





## January to 15 July 2021



Note: All data for 2018-2021 are provisional and subject to change. Rural road is one with a speed limit of 80 km/h or greater, urban is one with a speed limit of 60 km/h or less



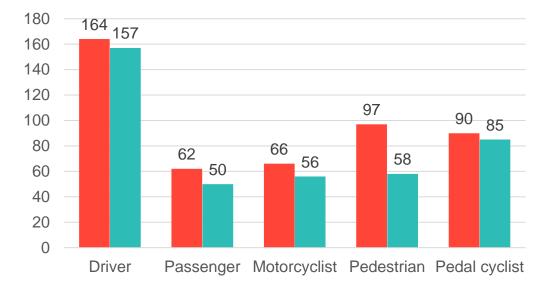


# **Overview 2021 serious injuries**

### January to 30 June 2021

- As of 30 June 2021, there have been 364 serious injury collisions
- As of 30 June 2021, there have been 406 serious injuries on Irish roads
- This represents 73 fewer serious injuries (-15%) compared to provisional Garda data for 2020

Serious injuries by road user type



Note: All data for 2020 and 2021 are provisional and subject to change

**2020 2021** 





## Dangerous behaviours increasing

More permissive attitudes to errant behaviour in 2020, coupled with change in travel patterns

#### **Speeding**

- Increases in self-report admission of speeding on both 50km/h and 100km/h roads.
- The perceived acceptability of speeding has significantly increased.
- Strong support for the use of safety cameras has declined.

#### **Fatigue**

 Significant increase in % of motorists admitting to falling asleep/nodding off while driving relative to historic data

#### **Drink driving**

 1 in 10 motorists admit to driving after consuming alcohol, in line with trends, but more permissive attitude towards acceptable limits for driving

#### Mobile phone use

 Small increase in motorists admitting to texting/checking apps while driving – approx. 1 in 10, but incidence of motorists taking preventative safety measures with their mobile phones has increased.

Source: Driver Attitudes & Behaviour Study
Online survey of 1,241 motorists conducted by B&A on behalf of the RSA





## **Conclusion**

### Renewed efforts required to improve Ireland's road safety record

- Ireland did not see reduction in fatalities in 2020 in line with reduced traffic, and has slipped to 5<sup>th</sup> position in EU 27 ranking in 2020.
- Orivers and motorcyclists highest risk for fatalities in 2021 to date, but vulnerable road users represent a higher share of serious injuries to date relative to fatalities.
- Increased focus on preventing serious injuries acknowledged and will be of priority in the next government Road Safety Strategy.
- Change in pattern evident for day of week and time of day for fatalities, but Dublin and rural roads represent high proportion of fatalities.
- Concerning regression in attitudes towards speeding suggests increased need for education/enforcement in this area in particular.
- Urgent need for road safety education and enforcement as country opens up.



# **Thank you**



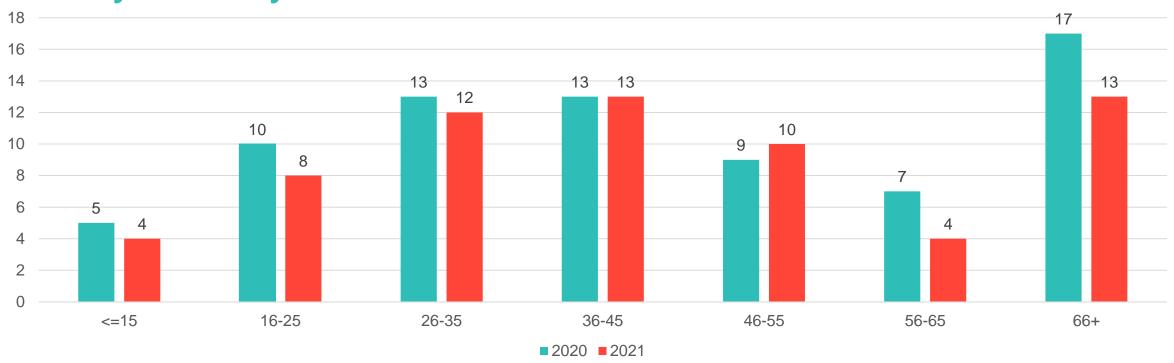
# **Appendix**





# Age group of fatalities

## January to 15 July 2021



In 2021, there were 25 fatalities between the ages of 26 and 45 and 13 fatalities over the age of 65 (58% of total).

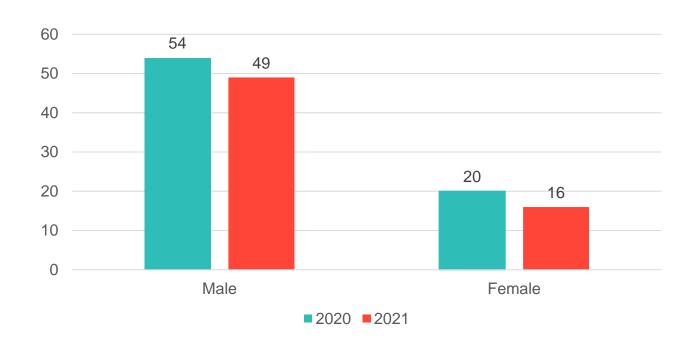
Note: All data for 2020 and 2021 are provisional and subject to change, one unknown age in 2021





## **Gender of fatalities**

## January to 15 July 2021



In 2021, **75%** of fatalities were **male** (49) and **25%** of fatalities (16) were **female** 

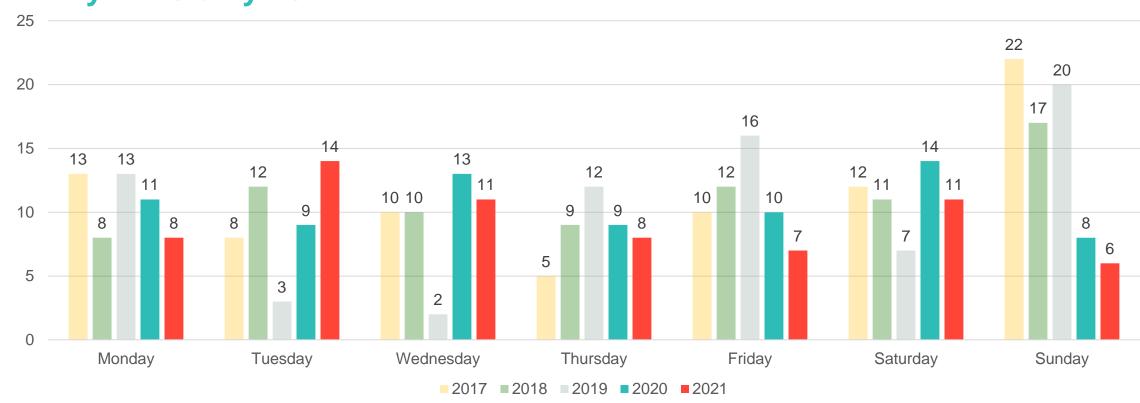
Note: All data for 2020 and 2021 are provisional and subject to change





# Day of week

## January to 15 July 2021



 In 2021, 41 fatalities occurred on weekdays compared to 41 in 2020, 24 occurred at weekends compared to 32 in 2020

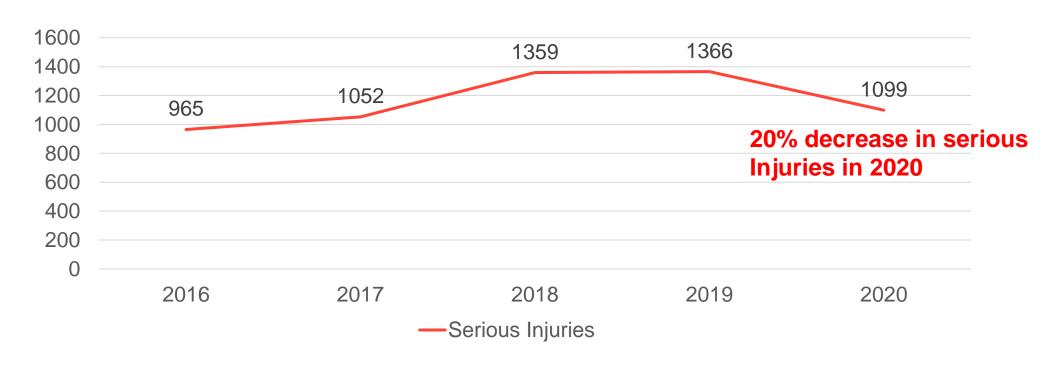
Note: All data for 2018 to 2021 are provisional and subject to change

# **Long-term trend in serious injuries**





2016 - 2020



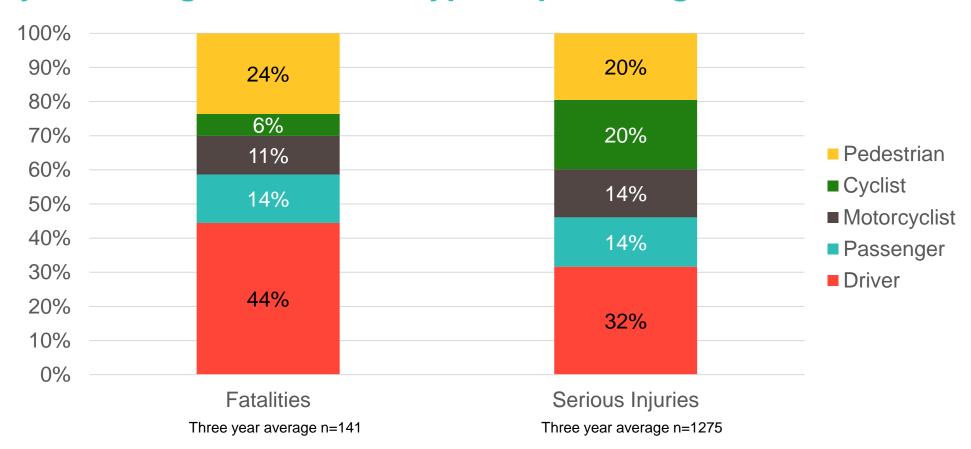
- Between 2019 and 2020, there was a 20% decrease in serious injuries on Irish roads
- Total traffic volumes in 2020 were approximately 25-30% below 2019 levels

# Road user Type, Fatalities and Serious injuries





### Three year average of road user type as percentage of total



Note: All data for 2018 to 2021 are provisional and subject to change

# **Key Statistics from Driver Attitude and Behaviour Study**





- 61% of motorists admit to exceeding 50km/h speed limits by less than 10km/h 'at least sometimes' (up from 48% in 2019)
- 53% of motorists admit to exceeding 100km/h speed limits by less than 10km/h 'at least sometimes' (up from 41% in 2019)
- 36% of motorists admit to exceeding 50km/h speed limits by more than 10km/h 'at least sometimes' (up from 26% in 2019)
- 35% of motorists admit to exceeding 100km/h speed limits by more than 10km/h 'at least sometimes' (up from 23% in 2019)
- 61% of motorists believe it is acceptable to exceed 50km/h speed limits by less than 10km/h (up from 53% in 2019)
- 59% of motorists believe it is acceptable to exceed 100km/h speed limits by less than 10km/h (up from 45% in 2019)
- 34% of motorists believe it is acceptable to exceed 50km/h speed limits by more than 10km/h (up from 26% in 2019)
- 34% of motorists believe it is acceptable to exceed 100km/h speed limits by more than 10km/h (up from 19% in 2019)
- 41% of motorists stated they 'strongly support' the use of safety cameras, down from 57% in 2019.
- 28% of motorists now indicate they have fallen asleep or nodded off/ even if only for a brief moment when driving (up from 16% in 2019)
- 10% of motorists admit to texting while driving 'at least sometimes' (up from 6% in 2019)
- 9% of motorists admit to checking apps while driving 'at least sometimes (up from 4% in 2019)
- 9% of motorists admit to talking on a handheld phone while driving 'at least sometimes (down from 12% in 2019)
- 56% of motorists state that they take preventative safety measures regularly (turn off/on silent, put out of sight) before setting out to drive, up on 40% in 2019
- 43% of all motorists now believe 'no alcohol' can be consumed to remain under legal limit (down from 64% in 2019)
- 9% of motorists consumed alcohol before driving in past 12 months —largely on a par with previous years